| SET – 19   ANSWERS WITH EXPLANATION    Exam 1 | neid on : 15/03/2023 | 02:30 PM |
|---|----------------------|----------|
|---|----------------------|----------|

| ENGLISH LANGUAG     | E AND COMPREHENSION                    |                          |               |                |                  |                              |  |  |
|---------------------|--|--------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| 1. (2)              | 2. (3) 3. (4)                          | 4. (4)                   | 5. (3)        | 6. (4)         | 7. (2)           | 8. (3) 9. (3)                |  |  |
| 10. (2)             | 11. (1) 12. (2)                        | 13. (2)                  | 14. (2)       | 15. (3)        | 16. (2)          | 17. (1) 18. (4)              |  |  |
| 19. (2)             | 20. (4) 21. (2)                        | 22. (1)                  | 23. (3)       | 24. (3)        | 25. (4)          |                              |  |  |
| EXPLANATION:        |  |                          |               |                |                  |                              |  |  |
| 1. (2) Repla        | ces 'I' with 'me'. Objec               | tive case of             | pronoun is    | required her   | ·e.              |                              |  |  |
| 8. (3) <b>'</b> One | of the +superlative deg                | gree + plura             | l noun+ sin   | gular verb' is | the correct str  | ucture.                      |  |  |
|                     | ce 'were' with 'was'.                  |                          |               |                |                  |                              |  |  |
| 'Every              | one' takes a singular                  | a singular v             | verb.         |                |                  |                              |  |  |
| 13. (2) We no       | eed an adjective in pos                | itive degree             | (sticky).     |                |                  |                              |  |  |
| 18. (4) 'Artifa     | act' is incorrectly spelt              | here, ,mean              | ns- An objec  | et produced o  | or shaped by hu  | ıman craft.                  |  |  |
|                     | is incorrectly spelt her               |                          | Ū             | -              | 1 0              |                              |  |  |
| WORD                | MEANING IN ENGL                        |                          |               |                |                  | <b>MEANING IN HINDI</b>      |  |  |
| Abase               | Behave in a way tha                    | t belittles o            | r degrades    |                |                  | अपमानित करना                 |  |  |
| Aesthetic           | Concerned with beau                    |                          | 0             |                |                  | सौंदर्य विषयक                |  |  |
| Affectation         | The act of taking on                   | or displayir             | ng an attitud | de or mode o   | f behaviour      | दिखावा                       |  |  |
|                     | not natural to onese                   | lf or not ger            | nuinely felt  |                |                  |                              |  |  |
| Approbation         | Approval or praise.                    |                          |               |                |                  | प्रशंसा                      |  |  |
| Arduous             | Full of difficulties; n                | eeding a lot             | of effort     |                |                  | दुष्कर; श्रमसाध्य, मेहनत भरा |  |  |
| Arrogate            | To claim or take som                   | nething with             | out having    | any right to   | do so            | हथियाना                      |  |  |
| Avarice             | Extreme desire, gree                   | लोभ                      |               |                |                  |                              |  |  |
| Contempt            | A strong feeling of di                 | -                        |               |                |                  |                              |  |  |
| Cupidity            | Greed for money or j                   | पैसे इत्यादि के लिए लालच |               |                |                  |                              |  |  |
| Devilry             | Wicked activity. धूर्तता, शैतानी       |                          |               |                |                  |                              |  |  |
| Egotist             | One who talks about                    |                          |               |                |                  | बड्बोला                      |  |  |
| Highbrow            | Interested in or conc                  |                          | matters tha   | t many peop    | le would find to |                              |  |  |
|                     | serious to be interes                  | -                        |               |                |                  | मामलों से संबंधित            |  |  |
| Insurgent           | A person fighting ag<br>own country    | ainst the go             | overnment o   | r armed forc   | es of their      | विद्रोही                     |  |  |
| Largesse            | Generosity in bestov                   | ving money               | or gifts upo  | n others       |                  | उदारता                       |  |  |
| Malign              | Baleful, harmful                       |                          |               |                |                  | हानिकर, क्षतिकर              |  |  |
| Nihilistic          | A viewpoint that trac                  | litional valu            | ues and beli  | efs are unfou  | unded and        | शुन्यवादी, नकारवादी          |  |  |
|                     | that existence is sen                  | seless and               | useless       |                |                  |                              |  |  |
| Novice              | नौसिखिया                               |                          |               |                |                  |                              |  |  |
| Obloquy             | situation, etc.<br>Strong public conde | अपमान                    |               |                |                  |                              |  |  |
| Odium               | General or widesprea                   | नफरत, घृणा               |               |                |                  |                              |  |  |
|                     | as a result of one's a                 |                          | -             | -              |                  | -                            |  |  |
| Opprobrium          | pprobrium Harsh criticism or censure.  |                          |               |                |                  |                              |  |  |
| Radical             | A person who wants                     | उग्र, सुधारवादी          |               |                |                  |                              |  |  |
| Samaritan           | One who helps the n                    | परोपकारी                 |               |                |                  |                              |  |  |
| Sorcery             | The art or use of ma                   | gic in whicl             | n the power   | of evil, supe  | rnatural forces  | जादू–टोना                    |  |  |
|                     | or black magic is us                   | ed                       |               |                |                  |                              |  |  |

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## **GENERAL INTELLIGENCE & REASONING (**

1

- 1. (2) The number 6 is on the opposite face to the one having 8.
- 2. (2)4. Ectasia
  - 2. Emergence
  - 3. Energetic
  - 1. Engine
  - 5. Envelop

3. (4) C L O U D  

$$+1 \bigvee_{i=1}^{i=1} \bigvee_{i=1}$$

- 4. (3) As Radians is unit of Angle, So Ampere is unit of electric current.
- 5. (2) Except Eiffel Tower all other 1 places are in India.
- 6. (4)
- 7. (4)  $25,13,130 \Rightarrow \sqrt{25} = 5 \times 13 =$  $65 \times 2 = 130$

 $49,32,448 \Rightarrow \sqrt{49} = 7 \times 32 = 224 \times 2 = 448$ 

Similarly, 36, 12,144  $\Rightarrow \sqrt{36} = 6 \times 12 = 1$  $72 \times 2 = 144$ 

8. (4) T V X G I K  

$$20 22 24 7 9 11$$
  
 $+2 +2 +2$   
L N P I J K  
 $12 14 16 9 10 11$  (odd)

9. (3) 9,15, 21 
$$\Rightarrow$$
 9+21  $\Rightarrow$   $\frac{30}{2}$   $\Rightarrow$  15

$$31,37,43 \Rightarrow 31+43 \Rightarrow \frac{74}{2} \Rightarrow 37$$

Similarly,

$$65,71,77 \Rightarrow 65+77 \Rightarrow \frac{142}{2} \Rightarrow 71$$

10. (1)83, 119, 168 
$$\Rightarrow$$
  
83 119 168  
+(6)<sup>2</sup> +(7)<sup>2</sup>  
and  
76, 101, 137  $\Rightarrow$   $\frac{76}{+(5)^2}$   $\frac{101}{+(6)^2}$   
Similarly,  
78, 87, 103  $\Rightarrow$   $\frac{78}{+(3)^2}$   $\frac{87}{+(4)^2}$   
11. (3) Seismology  
12. (1)  
13. (2) There are 17 quadrilaterals.  
14. (2) 13 × 12 ÷ 36 + 11 - 7 = 35  
Interchanging × and ÷, 11 and 7  
13 ÷ 12 × 36 + 7 - 11  
=  $\frac{13}{12} \times 36 + 7 - 11$   
=  $\frac{39}{12} \times 36 + 7 - 11$   
=  $39 + 7 - 11 = 35$   
15. (2) 27:841  $\Rightarrow$  27+2 $\Rightarrow$  (29)<sup>2</sup> $\Rightarrow$  841  
18:400  $\Rightarrow$  18+2 $\Rightarrow$  (20)<sup>2</sup> $\Rightarrow$  400  
Similarly,  
? : 324  $\Rightarrow$   $\sqrt{324} \Rightarrow$  18-2= 16  
16. (4)  
Birds  
Butterflies  
So, neither conclusion I nor II  
follow.  
17. (3) There are 9 brown are Pink.  
18. (1) normal/normal/normal  
19. (3) 730 692 654 616 578  
 $\frac{-38}{-38} -\frac{38}{-38} -\frac{38}{-38}$   
20. (4) M A K E and C A M P  
K E M A M P C A  
Similarly

АҮЅТ

21.(1)6 and 4 can come on the adjacent faces of the face containing 3 on it. 22. (4)

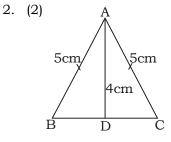
Sheetal ↑ Madhur+Reema Mukesh <-> Sister+Ramesh <-> Rani ↑ Ronit So, Ronit is nephew of Mukesh.

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23. (1) Ziya Xena Vikrant Yasir Uday William So, Yasin is 3rd shortest among all friends. 24. (2) N = 2  $\Leftrightarrow$  N Plasce Value 14 Now,  $\frac{14}{7} = 2$  $KAW = 5 \iff KAW$  Plasce Value 11+1+23= 35 Now,  $\frac{35}{7} = 5$ Similarly, Man Plasce Value 13+1+14 = 28Now,  $\frac{28}{7} = 4$ 25. (1) ANSWER KEY 1. (2) 2. (2) 3. (4) 4. (3) 5. (2) 6. (4) 7. (4) 8. (4) 9. (3) 10. (1) 11. (3) 12.(1) 13. (2) 14.(2) 15. (2) 16. (4) 17.(3) 18. (1) 19.(3) 20. (4)

## 21. (1) 22.(4) 23. (1) 24.(2) 25. (1) **QUANTITATIVE APTITUDE**

1. (1) Difference of company A and B in year 2014 = 170 - 100 = 70 crore is maximum



A line drawn from the vertex of the isosceles triangle to the other side cuts an equal side at the right angle triangle

 $\Rightarrow \Delta ADB$  is Right angle triangle

then  $BD^2 = AB^2 - AD^2$ 

- $BD^2 = 25 16$
- $BD^{2} = 9$
- (BD = 3 = DC)
- Then BC = BD + DC = 3cm + 3cm= 6cm

3. (2) Ratio of salary of T to the salary of M = 75 : 100(3:4)4. (1) Sin (x-y) =  $\frac{1}{2}$ Sin (x - y) = sin 30x - y = 30° -----(i)  $\cos (x + y) = \frac{1}{2}$  $\cos(x + y) = \cos 60^\circ$  $x + y = 60^{\circ}$  -----(ii) Equation i + Equation ii, we have  $x = 45^{\circ}$  $\therefore$  y = 15° Now,  $\sin x \cos x + 2\sin^2 x + \cos^3 x \sec x$ = sinx cosx + 2sin<sup>2</sup>x = cos<sup>2</sup>x  $= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + 2 \times \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2$  $=\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)+1+\frac{1}{2}=2$ 5. (3)  $(x - 8)^2 - (x + 8)^2 = 0$  $x^{2} + 64 - 16x - [x^{2} + 64 + 16x] = 0$  $x^{2} + 64 - 16x - x^{2} - 64 - 16x = 0$ 32x = 0 = x = 0SP CP 6. (1)  $\overline{\text{Article Sold}} = \overline{\text{Article Purchased}}$ × (profit)  $= \frac{24,560}{x} = \frac{24,560}{60} \times \frac{120}{100}$ = x = 50 Article 7. (2)  $32+12 \times 36 \div 4 + 4 - 22 \div 11 \times 3$  $= 32 + \frac{12 \times 36}{4} + 4 - \frac{22}{11} \times 3$  $= 32 + 12 \times 9 + 4 - 6$ = 32 + 108 + 4 - 6= 1388. (1)Sum of the age of Ram, Raman, Rohan = 23 years × 3 = 69 years Sum of Age of (Raman+Rohan) = 27 years  $\times 2$  = 54 years Age of Ram = 69 - 54 = 15 years (Present) In 5 years ago Ram's age was = 15 - 5 = 10 years. 9. (4) Total Marks scored by X in all subject= 120 + 160 + 240 + 200 +40 + 220 = 980Total marks second by Y in all subject 60+280+260+140+180+ 80= 1000 Ratio of total marks scored by

X to total marks scored by Y. = X : Y = 980 : 100 = (49 : 50)10. (4) Ratio of price of A and B A : B 5x: 9xRatio of Price of C and D  $\times 100 \begin{pmatrix} 24y : 13y \\ 2400 : 1300 \end{pmatrix} \times 100$ ∴ y = 100 C is 1500 more than price of B = 9x + 1500 = 24009x = 900 (x = 100)Price of A =  $5x = 5 \times 100 = 500$ 11. (1) No. of Bricks Required = Volume of wall  $= \frac{1}{\text{Volume of Brick}}$  $= \frac{5 \times 100 \times 8 \times 100 \times 2.25}{25 \times 12.5 \times 16}$  $= 10 \times 2 \times 9 = 1800$ 0 3hr 4hr 12. (4) 6hr (efficiency) Total work Required Time (in hr) Total work 12 Combine efficiency 4+3+2 $=\frac{12}{9}=\frac{4}{3}$  hr or 1 hr 20 minuts 13. (3) 1x : 2x : 6x - Ratio of Angle of triangle  $1x+2x+6x=180^{\circ}$  (Sum of all angle of triangle is 180°)  $9x = 180^{\circ}$  $(x = 20^{\circ})$ 14. (1) p + q = 7Squaring both side,  $p^2 + q^2 + 2pq = 49$ 25 + 2pq = 492pq = 24pq = 12

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15. (2)  $a^4 + \frac{1}{a^4} = 194$ (Add 2 on Both side)  $a^4 + \frac{1}{2^4} + 2 = 196$  $\left(a^{2}+\frac{1}{a^{2}}\right)^{2}=196 \rightarrow a^{2}+\frac{1}{a^{2}}=14$ (Add 2 on Both side)  $a^2 + \frac{1}{2^2} + 2 = 14 + 2$  $\left(a+\frac{1}{a}\right)^2 = 16 \rightarrow a + \frac{1}{a} = 4$ Taking cube on both sides  $a^{3}+\frac{1}{a^{3}}=(4)^{3}-3\left(a+\frac{1}{a}\right)$  $a^3 + \frac{1}{a^3} = 52$ 16. (2) Speed of boat in still water = (2)12 km/hLet distance covered by Ankit = dkm and speed of boat in current = C km/hATQ,  $t_{uv} = 2t_{down}$  $\frac{d}{12-C} = \frac{2d}{12+C} \\ 12+C = 24 - 2C$ 3C = 12C = 4 $\therefore$  Speed of boat in flow of the river is 4 km/h 17. (4) Total expenditure of all companies = 200+500+400+300 +1100 = 2500Total savings = 400+ 900 + 700 +400+500=2900... Total expenditure is less than total savings = (29000-2500) = 400:. Required % =  $\frac{400}{2900} \times 100 =$ 13.79% 18. (4) If principal = PTime = TFor Simple interest,  $SI = P \times \frac{Rate}{100} \times time$  $82 = 820 \times \frac{5}{100} \times T$ T = 2 $\therefore$  Value of T is 2 years

- 19. (1) Ratio of cost price and marked price
- = (100 Discount%) : (100+Profit%)
- = (100 10) : (100 + 10)

:. % Profit = 
$$\frac{20}{90} \times 100 = 22.22\%$$

20. (2)  $\frac{4}{3}$  (sin<sup>2</sup> 35° + sin<sup>2</sup> 55°)

 $= \frac{4}{3} [\sin^2 35^\circ + \cos^2 35^\circ]$ (As sin 35° and cos 35° are complimentary

pair) = 
$$\frac{4}{3}$$

21. (2)  $\frac{1 + \sin^2 45^\circ}{1 - \cos^2 45^\circ}$ 

 $= \frac{1+\sin^2 45^\circ}{\sin^2 45^\circ}$ 

$$= \frac{1}{\sin^2 45^\circ} + 1$$

$$= (\sqrt{2})^2 + 1 = 3$$

22. (2) From the given value of the sides of the triangle, it is clear triangle is a right angle triangle.For right angle triangle,Circum radius of hypotenuse

$$= \frac{50}{2}$$
 cm = 25 cm

- $\therefore \text{ circumference} \quad \text{of} \\ \text{circumeirlcle} = 2\pi \text{r unit} \\ = 2\pi \times 25 \text{ cm} \\ = 50 \text{ cm}$ 
  - $= 50\pi \text{ cm}$
- 23. (1) To divisible XY7B by 4, last
  2 digit must be divisible by 4.
  ∴ Largest value of B for which number is divisible by 4 is 6
- 24. (4) Let original price of apple = x
  - $\therefore$  Reduced price of apple =  $\frac{7x}{10}$

Before reduction in price of 3.

apples = 
$$\frac{140}{x}$$

After reduction in price of  
apples = 
$$\frac{140 \times 10}{7x} = \frac{200}{x}$$
  
ATQ,  $\frac{200}{x} - \frac{140}{x} = 5$   
=  $\frac{200 - 140}{x} = 5$   
x = 12  
Original price of apple = Rs.12  
 $\therefore$  Reduced price of apple =  
 $\left(12 \times \frac{7}{10}\right) = \text{Rs.} = 8.4$   
5. (2)  $\stackrel{\text{P}}{\bigtriangleup}$ 

From properties of triangle, We know,

$$\angle QOR = 90^\circ - \frac{\angle P}{2}$$

$$=90^{\circ} - \frac{88}{2} = 46^{\circ}$$

## ANSWER KEY

| 1.  | (1) | 2. | (2)  | 3.  | (2  | 4. | (1)  | 5.  | (3) |
|-----|-----|----|------|-----|-----|----|------|-----|-----|
|     |     |    |      |     |     |    |      | 10. |     |
| 11. | (4) | 12 | .(4) | 13. | (3) | 14 | .(1) | 15. | (2) |
| 16. | (2) | 17 | .(2) | 18. | (2) | 19 | .(1) | 20. | (2) |
| 21. | (2) | 22 | .(2) | 23. | (1) | 24 | .(4) | 25. | (2) |

## GENERAL AWARENESS

- 1.(4) Carlos Sainz Jr. Spain Ferrari Charles Leclerc Monaco Ferrari Max VerstappenBelgium Red Bull Sergio Pérez MexicoRed Bull Lewis HamiltonU.K Mercedes
- 2.(3) Prime Minister Narendra Modi inaugurated Phase 1 of Modi Shaikshanik Sankul, which is an educational complex for needy students in Ahmedabad. The project aims to provide facilities to students for holistic development.
- 3.(2) India is at the fifth position in the production of Bauxite.
- 4.(4) UNCTAD projects that world economic growth will slow to 2.5%

in 2022 and drop to 2.2% in 2023.

United Nations Conference on Trade and Development \was founded on 30<sup>th</sup> Dec, 1964 by the United Nations General Assembly (UNGA), Headquartered at Geneva, Switzerland.

Secretary-General - Rebeca Grynspan

5.(4) A Digital Banking Unit is a specialised fixed point business unit or hub, set up by scheduled commercial banks, housing certain minimum digital infrastructure for delivering digital banking products and services as well as servicing existing financial products and services digitally in self-service mode at any time. As of now, there is at least one digital banking unit set up in each of the 29 states and eight union territories (UTs).

6.(3)

7.(3) A **solar equinox** is a moment in time when the Sun crosses the Earth's equator, which is to say, appears directly above the equator.

The **summer solstice**(20 or 21 June), also called the estival solstice occurs when one of Earth's poles has its maximum tilt toward the Sun.

The **winter solstice**(22 December), also called the hibernal solstice, occurs when either of Earth's poles reaches its maximum tilt away from the Sun.

8.(1) The Green Revolution was an endeavour initiated by Norman Borlaug in the 1960s. He is known as the 'Father of Green Revolution' in world.

It led to him winning the Nobel Peace Prize in 1970 for his work in developing High Yielding Varieties (HYVs) of wheat.

In India, the Green Revolution was mainly led by M.S. Swaminathan.

9.(2) Santosh Trophy(Football) was founded in 1941.
2022–23 Santosh Trophy won by Karnatka. Knock outs has been played in Saudi Arabia.

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Top goal scorers - Naro Hari Shrestha and Nijo Joseph Best player - Robin Yadav Best goalkeeper - Rajat Paul Lyngdoh

- 10.(3) The concept of a geostationary orbit was popularised by the science fiction writer Arthur C. Clarke in the 1940s as a way to revolutionise telecommunications, and the first satellite to be placed in this kind of orbit was launched in 1963.
- 11.(4) Attorney-General for India R. Venkataramani Solicitor General of India -Tushar Mehta Chief Justice of India - Justice Chandrachud Vice President of India - Jagdeep Dhankhar
- 12.(3) Kangchenjunga is bounded in the west by the Tamur River, in the north by the Lhonak River and Jongsang La, and in the east by the Teesta River.
- 13.(2) Article 27 Non-payment of religious taxes Article 29 - Protection of interest of minorities article
- 14.(3) David of Basra, was a 3rd- and 4th-century CE Christian metropolitan bishop who undertook missionary work in India around the year 300.

Mother Teresa received 1962 Ramon Magsaysay Peace Prize and the 1979 Nobel Peace Prize. Her authorised biography, written by Navin Chawla, was published in 1992. On 6 September 2017, Mother Teresa and Saint Francis Xavier were named copatrons of the Roman Catholic Archdiocese of Calcutta.

15.(2)

- 16.(3) Since 1989, the city of Ahmedabad has hosted the International Kite Festival as part of the official celebration of Uttarayan.
- 17.(1) MICR (magnetic ink character recognition) is a technology invented in the 1950s that's used to verify the legitimacy or originality of checks and other paper documents.

A process called Optical Character Recognition (OCR) converts printed texts into digital image files.

- 18.(1) Kolar Gold Fields (K.G.F.) the town has been known for gold mining.The mine closed on 28 February 2001 due to a fall in gold prices, despite gold still being present there. One of India's first power-generation units was built in 1889 to support mining operations.
- 19.(1) Java was developed by Sun Microsystems.

Pascal is an imperative and procedural programming language, designed by Niklaus Wirth. **BASIC** (Beginners' All-purpose Symbolic Instruction Code) is a family of general-purpose, highlevel programming languages designed for ease of use. The original version was created by John G. Kemeny and Thomas E. Kurtz at Dartmouth College in 1963.

- 20.(2) GI tag In 2022 Tamil Nadu - Poondu Palani Panchamirtham, Dindigul Locks, Srivilliputtur Palkova, Kandangi Saree
  - Kerala Tirur Betel Leaf
- 21.(4) Dr B.R. Ambedkar, who organised the dalits into the Depressed Classes Association in 1930, clashed with Mahatma Gandhi at the second Round Table Conference by demanding separate electorates for dalits.

When the British government conceded Ambedkars demand, Gandhiji began a fast unto death. He believed that separate electorates for dalits would slow down the process of their integration into society. Ambedkar ultimately accepted Gandhijis position and the result was the Poona Pact of September 1932.It gave the Depressed Classes (later to be known as the Schedule Castes) reserved seats in provincial and central legislative councils, but they were to be voted in by the general electorate.

- 22.(4) When the electricity is allowed to pass through an aqueous solution of sodium chloride which is also known as brine, it decomposes to form sodium hydroxide.
- 23.(1) Switzerland is the most innovative economy in the world in 2022 - for the 12th year in a row - followed by the United States, Sweden, the United Kingdom and the Netherlands.

The Global Innovation Index is published by the World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO).

<sup>24.(1)</sup> 

| ANSWER KEY |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1.         | (4) | 2.  | (3) | 3.  | (2) | 4.  | (4) | 5.  | (4) |
| 6.         | (1) | 7.  | (3) | 8.  | (1) | 9.  | (2) | 10. | (3) |
| 11.        | (4) | 12. | (3) | 13. | (2) | 14. | (3) | 15. | (1) |
| 16.        | (3) | 17. | (1) | 18. | (1) | 19. | (1) | 20. | (2) |
| 21.        | (4) | 22. | (4) | 23. | (1) | 24. | (1) | 25. | (2) |



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