## ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND COMPREHENSION

1. (2)
2. (3)
3. (4)
4. (4)
5. (3)
6. (4)
7. (2)
8. (3)
9. (3)
10. (2)
11. (1)
12. (2)
13. (2)
14. (2)
15. (3)
16. (2)
17. (1)
18. (4)
19. (2)
20. (4)
21. (2)
22. (1)
23. (3)
24. (3)
25. (4)

## EXPLANATION:-

1. (2) Replaces 'I' with 'me'. Objective case of pronoun is required here.
2. (3) 'One of the +superlative degree + plural noun+ singular verb' is the correct structure.
3. (3) Replace 'were' with 'was'.
'Everyone' takes a singular a singular verb.
4. (2) We need an adjective in positive degree (sticky).
5. (4) 'Artifact' is incorrectly spelt here, ,means- An object produced or shaped by human craft.
6. (4) Area' is incorrectly spelt here.-

WORD
Abase
Aesthetic
Affectation

Approbation
Arduous
Arrogate
Avarice
Contempt
Cupidity
Devilry
Egotist
Highbrow

Insurgent
Largesse
Malign
Nihilistic

Novice

| Obloquy | Strong public condemnation. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Odium | General or widespread hatred or disgust incurred by someone <br> as a result of one's action. |
| Opprobrium | Harsh criticism or censure. |
| Radical | A person who wants great social or politicalChange |
| Samaritan | One who helps the needy and the helpless |
| Sorcery | The art or use of magic in which the power of evil, supernatural forces <br> or black magic is used |

Behave in a way that belittles or degrades
Concerned with beauty or art
The act of taking on or displaying an attitude or mode of behaviour not natural to oneself or not genuinely felt
Approval or praise.
Full of difficulties; needing a lot of effort
To claim or take something without having any right to do so
Extreme desire, greed
A strong feeling of dislike and having no respect for someone or something Greed for money or possessions.
Wicked activity.
One who talks about oneself
Interested in or concerned with matters that many people would find too serious to be interesting
A person fighting against the government or armed forces of their own country
Generosity in bestowing money or gifts upon others
Baleful, harmful
A viewpoint that traditional values and beliefs are unfounded and that existence is senseless and useless
Person who is new and without experience in a certain job, situation, etc.

General or widespread hatred or disgust incurred by someone as a result of one's action.
or censure.

One who helps the needy and the helpless
or black magic is used


MEANING IN HINDI

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { अप्मा नित करना } \\
& \text { स दर्य विषा क } \\
& \text { दिखा वा } \\
& \text { प्रश }{ }^{\circ} \text { स } \\
& \text { दु ठकर; श्मस धय, मे हनत }{ }^{2} T \text { रा } \\
& \text { हfिए य ना } \\
& \text { ला' } \% \\
& \text { अवमा नना } \\
& \text { पै से इ } \bar{c} \text { य दि के लिएला लच } \\
& \text { धू त ता, चै ता नी } \\
& \text { बड. बा' ला }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { मा मला' से सं बं धित } \\
& \text { विद्र } \mathrm{T}^{`} \text { ही } \\
& \text { उ दा रता } \\
& \text { हा निकर, क्ष तिकर } \\
& \text { चु = या दी, नक्र रवा दी } \\
& \text { नाँ सिखा }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { अप्मा न } \\
& \text { उ गु सु ध रवा दी } \\
& \text { ज दू - ट T ना }
\end{aligned}
$$

## GENERAL INTELLIGENCE \& REASONING

1. (2) The number 6 is on the opposite face to the one having 8.
2. (2) 4. Ectasia
3. Emergence
4. Energetic
5. Engine
6. Envelop
7. (4)


Similarly,

4. (3) As Radians is unit of Angle, So Ampere is unit of electric current.
5. (2) Except Eiffel Tower all other places are in India.
6. (4)
7. (4) $25,13,130 \Rightarrow \sqrt{25}=5 \times 13=$ $65 \times 2=130$
$49,32,448 \Rightarrow \sqrt{49}=7 \times 32=$ $224 \times 2=448$

Similarly,
$36,12,144 \Rightarrow \sqrt{36}=6 \times 12=$ $72 \times 2=144$
8. (4) T V X G I K $20 \quad 22 \underbrace{24}_{+2} \quad \underbrace{7}_{+2} \underbrace{911}_{+2}$

L N P I J K
$12 \underbrace{1416}_{+2} \underbrace{9}_{+2} 10 \underbrace{11}_{+1}($ odd $)$
9. (3) $9,15,21 \Rightarrow 9+21 \Rightarrow \frac{30}{2} \Rightarrow 15$
$31,37,43 \Rightarrow 31+43 \Rightarrow \frac{74}{2} \Rightarrow 37$
Similarly,
$65,71,77 \Rightarrow 65+77 \Rightarrow \frac{142}{2} \Rightarrow 71$
10. (1)83, 119, $168 \Rightarrow$

and
$76,101,137=$


Similarly,
$78,87,103 \Rightarrow \underbrace{78 \quad 87}_{+(3)^{2}} \underbrace{803}_{+(4)^{2}}$
11. (3) Seismology
12. (1)
13. (2) There are 17 quadrilaterals.
14. (2) $13 \times 12 \div 36+11-7=35$

Interchanging $\times$ and $\div, 11$ and 7
$13 \div 12 \times 36+7-11$
$=\frac{13}{12} \times 36+7-11$
$=39+7-11=35$
15. (2) $27: 841 \Rightarrow 27+2 \Rightarrow(29)^{2} \Rightarrow 841$
$18: 400 \Rightarrow 18+2 \Rightarrow(20)^{2} \Rightarrow 400$ Similarly,

$$
?: 324 \Rightarrow \sqrt{324} \Rightarrow 18-2=\mathbf{1 6}
$$

16. (4)


So, neither conclusion I nor II follow.
17. (3) There are 9 brown are Pink.
18. (1) normal/ normal/norm al
19. (3) 730692654616578

20. (4


Similarly,

21.(1) 6 and 4 can come on the adjacent faces of the face containing 3 on it.
22. (4)


So, Ronit is nephew of Mukesh.
23. (1) Ziya

Xena
Vikrant
Yasir
Uday
William
So, Yasin is 3rd shortest among all friends.
24. (2) $N=2 \Leftrightarrow N$ Plasce Value 14

Now, $\frac{14}{7}=2$
$K A W=5 \Leftrightarrow K A W$ Plasce Value $11+1+23$
$=35$
Now, $\frac{35}{7}=5$
Similarly,
Man Plasce Value $13+1+14=28$
Now, $\frac{28}{7}=4$
25. (1)

## ANSWER KBY

1. (2) 2. (2) 3. (4) 4. (3) 5. (2)
2. (4) 7. (4) 8. (4) 9. (3) 10. (1)
11.(3) 12.(1) 13. (2) 14.(2) 15. (2)
16.(4) 17.(3) 18.(1) 19.(3) 20. (4)
21.(1) 22.(4) 23. (1) 24.(2) 25. (1)

## QUANTITATIVE APTITUDE

1. (1) Difference of company A and B in year $2014=170-100=$ 70 crore is maximum
2. (2)


A line drawn from the vertex of the isosceles triangle to the other side cuts an equal side at the right angle triangle
$\Rightarrow \Delta \mathrm{ADB}$ is Right angle triangle
then $\mathrm{BD}^{2}=\mathrm{AB}^{2}-\mathrm{AD}^{2}$ $B D^{2}=25-16$
$\mathrm{BD}^{2}=9$
( $\mathrm{BD}=3=\mathrm{DC}$ )
Then $B C=B D+D C=3 \mathrm{~cm}+3 \mathrm{~cm}$ $=6 \mathrm{~cm}$
3. (2) Ratio of salary of $T$ to the salary of $M=75: 100$

$$
(3: 4)
$$

4. (1) $\operatorname{Sin}(x-y)=\frac{1}{2}$
$\operatorname{Sin}(x-y)=\sin 30$
$x-y=30^{\circ}----(i)$
$\operatorname{Cos}(x+y)=\frac{1}{2}$
$\operatorname{Cos}(x+y)=\cos 60^{\circ}$
$x+y=60^{\circ}$-----(ii)
Equation i + Equation ii, we have $x=45^{\circ}$
$\therefore \mathrm{y}=15^{\circ}$
Now, $\sin x \cos x+2 \sin ^{2} x+\cos ^{3} x \sec x$
$=\sin \mathrm{x} \cos \mathrm{x}+2 \sin ^{2} \mathrm{x}=\cos ^{2} \mathrm{x}$
$=\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}+2 \times\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^{2}+\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^{2}$
$=\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)+1+\frac{1}{2}=2$
5. (3) $(x-8)^{2}-(x+8)^{2}=0$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x^{2}+64-16 x-\left[x^{2}+64+16 x\right]=0 \\
& x^{2}+64-16 x-x^{2}-64-16 x=0 \\
& 32 x=0=x=0
\end{aligned}
$$

6. (1) $\frac{\mathrm{SP}}{\text { Article Sold }}=\frac{\mathrm{CP}}{\text { Article Purchased }}$ $\times$ (profit)
$=\frac{24,560}{x}=\frac{24,560}{60} \times \frac{120}{100}$
$=\mathrm{x}=50$ Article
7. (2) $32+12 \times 36 \div 4+4-22 \div 11 \times 3$
$=32+\frac{12 \times 36}{4}+4-\frac{22}{11} \times 3$
$=32+12 \times 9+4-6$
$=32+108+4-6$
$=138$
8. (1) Sum of the age of Ram,

Raman, Rohan $=23$ years $\times 3=$ 69 years
Sum of Age of (Raman+Rohan)
$=27$ years $\times 2=54$ years
Age of Ram $=69-54=15$ years
(Present)
In 5 years ago Ram's age was = $15-5=10$ years.
9. (4) Total Marks scored by $X$ in all subject $=120+160+240+200$ $+40+220=980$
Total marks second by $Y$ in all subject
$60+280+260+140+180+80=$ 1000
Ratio of total marks scored by

X to total marks scored by Y .
$=\mathrm{X}: Y$
$=980: 100$
$=(49: 50)$
10. (4) Ratio of price of $A$ and $B$

A : B
5x: 9x
Ratio of Price of C and D

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { C : D } \\
& \times 100\binom{24 y: 13 y}{2400: 1300<} \times 100
\end{aligned}
$$

$\therefore \mathrm{y}=100$
C is 1500 more than price of B
$=9 x+1500=2400$

$$
9 x=900(x=100)
$$

Price of $A=5 x=5 \times 100=500$
11. (1) No. of Bricks Required $=$
$=\frac{\text { Volume of wall }}{\text { Volume of Brick }}$
$=\frac{5 \times 100 \times 8 \times 100 \times 2.25}{25 \times 12.5 \times 16}$
$=10 \times 2 \times 9=1800$
12. (4)


Required Time (in hr)
$=\frac{\text { Total work }}{\text { Combine efficiency }}=\frac{12}{4+3+2}$
$=\frac{12}{9}=\frac{4}{3} \mathrm{hr}$ or 1 hr 20 minuts
13. (3) $1 \mathrm{x}: 2 \mathrm{x}: 6 \mathrm{x}$ - Ratio of Angle of triangle
$1 x+2 x+6 x=180^{\circ}$ (Sum of all angle of triangle is $180^{\circ}$ )
$9 \mathrm{x}=180^{\circ}$
$\left(x=20^{\circ}\right)$
14. (1) $p+q=7$

Squaring both side,
$p^{2}+q^{2}+2 p q=49$
$25+2 \mathrm{pq}=49$
$2 p q=24$
$p q=12$
15. (2) $a^{4}+\frac{1}{a^{4}}=194$
(Add 2 on Both side)
$a^{4}+\frac{1}{a^{4}}+2=196$
$\left(a^{2}+\frac{1}{a^{2}}\right)^{2}=196 \rightarrow a^{2}+\frac{1}{a^{2}}=14$
(Add 2 on Both side)
$a^{2}+\frac{1}{a^{2}}+2=14+2$
$\left(a+\frac{1}{a}\right)^{2}=16 \rightarrow a+\frac{1}{a}=4$
Taking cube on both sides
$a^{3}+\frac{1}{a^{3}}=(4)^{3}-3\left(a+\frac{1}{a}\right)$
$a^{3}+\frac{1}{a^{3}}=52$
16. (2) Speed of boat in still water $=$ $12 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$
Let distance covered by Ankit = d km and speed of boat in current
$=\mathrm{Ckm} / \mathrm{h}$
ATQ,

$$
\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{up}}=2 \mathrm{t}_{\text {down }}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\mathrm{d}}{12-\mathrm{C}}=\frac{2 \mathrm{~d}}{12+\mathrm{C}} \\
& 12+\mathrm{C}=24-2 \mathrm{C} \\
& 3 \mathrm{C}=12 \\
& \mathrm{C}=4
\end{aligned}
$$

$\therefore$ Speed of boat in flow of the river is $4 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$
17. (4) Total expenditure of all
companies $=200+500+400+300$

$$
+1100=2500
$$

Total savings $=400+900+700$
$+400+500=2900$
$\therefore$ Total expenditure is less than
total savings $=(29000-2500)$

$$
=400
$$

$\therefore$ Required $\%=\frac{400}{2900} \times 100=$
13.79\%
18. (4) If principal $=P$

Time $=\mathrm{T}$
For Simple interest,
SI $=\mathrm{P} \times \frac{\text { Rate }}{100} \times$ time
$82=820 \times \frac{5}{100} \times \mathrm{T}$
$\mathrm{T}=2$
$\therefore$ Value of $T$ is 2 years
19. (1) Ratio of cost price and marked price
$=(100-$ Discount $\%):(100+$ Profit $\%)$
$=(100-10):(100+10)$
$=90: 110$
$\therefore$ profit $\%=(110-90)=20$ (For no discount marked price is equal to selling price)
$\therefore \%$ Profit $=\frac{20}{90} \times 100=22.22 \%$
20. (2) $\frac{4}{3}\left(\sin ^{2} 35^{\circ}+\sin ^{2} 55^{\circ}\right)$
$=\frac{4}{3}\left[\sin ^{2} 35^{\circ}+\cos ^{2} 35^{\circ}\right]$ (As $\sin$ $35^{\circ}$ and $\cos 35^{\circ}$ are complimentary
pair) $=\frac{4}{3}$
21. (2) $\frac{1+\sin ^{2} 45^{\circ}}{1-\cos ^{2} 45^{\circ}}$
$=\frac{1+\sin ^{2} 45^{\circ}}{\sin ^{2} 45^{\circ}}$
$=\frac{1}{\sin ^{2} 45^{\circ}}+1$
$=(\sqrt{2})^{2}+1=3$
22. (2) From the given value of the sides of the triangle, it is clear triangle is a right angle triangle. For right angle triangle, Circum radius of hypotenuse
$=\frac{50}{2} \mathrm{~cm}=25 \mathrm{~cm}$
$\therefore$ circumference
circumeirlcle $=2 \pi r$ unit

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =2 \pi \times 25 \mathrm{~cm} \\
& =50 \pi \mathrm{~cm}
\end{aligned}
$$

23. (1) To divisible XY7B by 4, last 2 digit must be divisible by 4.
$\therefore$ Largest value of B for which number is divisible by 4 is 6
24. (4) Let original price of apple $=x$
$\therefore$ Reduced price of apple $=\frac{7 x}{10}$
Before reduction in price of
apples $=\frac{140}{x}$

After reduction in price of

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { apples }=\frac{140 \times 10}{7 x}=\frac{200}{x} \\
& \text { ATQ, } \frac{200}{x}-\frac{140}{x}=5 \\
& =\quad \frac{200-140}{x}=5 \\
& x=12
\end{aligned}
$$

Original price of apple $=$ Rs. 12 $\therefore$ Reduced price of apple $=$

$$
\left(12 \times \frac{7}{10}\right)=\text { Rs. }=8.4
$$



From properties of triangle, We know,
$\angle \mathrm{QOR}=90^{\circ}-\frac{\angle \mathrm{P}}{2}$
$=90^{\circ}-\frac{88}{2}=46^{\circ}$

## ANSWER KEY

1. (1) 2. (2) 3. (2 4. (1) 5. (3)
2. (1) 7. (2) 8. (1) 9. (4) 10. (4)
11.(4) 12.(4) 13.(3) 14.(1) 15. (2)
3. (2) 17.(2) 18. (2) 19.(1) 20. (2)
4. (2) 22.(2) 23. (1) 24.(4) 25. (2)
1.(4) Carlos Sainz Jr. Spain Ferrari Charles Leclerc Monaco Ferrari Max VerstappenBelgium Red Bull Sergio Pérez MexicoRed Bull Lewis HamiltonU.K Mercedes
2.(3) Prime Minister Narendra Modi inaugurated Phase 1 of Modi Shaikshanik Sankul, which is an educational complex for needy students in Ahmedabad. The project aims to provide facilities to students for holistic development.
3.(2) India is at the fifth position in the production of Bauxite.
4.(4) UNCTAD projects that world economic growth will slow to $2.5 \%$
in 2022 and drop to $2.2 \%$ in 2023.

United Nations Conference on Trade and Development \was founded on $30^{\text {th }} \mathrm{Dec}, 1964$ by the United Nations General Assembly (UNGA), Headquartered at Geneva, Switzerland.
Secretary-General - Rebeca Grynspan
5.(4) A Digital Banking Unit is a specialised fixed point business unit or hub, set up by scheduled commercial banks, housing certain minimum digital infrastructure for delivering digital banking products and services as well as servicing existing financial products and services digitally in self-service mode at any time.
As of now, there is at least one digital banking unit set up in each of the 29 states and eight union territories (UTs).
6.(3)
7.(3) A solar equinox is a moment in time when the Sun crosses the Earth's equator, which is to say, appears directly above the equator.
The summer solstice( 20 or 21 June), also called the estival solstice occurs when one of Earth's poles has its maximum tilt toward the Sun.
The winter solstice( 22 December), also called the hibernal solstice, occurs when either of Earth's poles reaches its maximum tilt away from the Sun.
8.(1) The Green Revolution was an endeavour initiated by Norman Borlaug in the 1960s. He is known as the 'Father of Green Revolution' in world.
It led to him winning the Nobel Peace Prize in 1970 for his work in developing High Yielding Varieties (HYVs) of wheat.
In India, the Green Revolution was mainly led by M.S. Swaminathan.
9.(2) Santosh Trophy(Football) was founded in 1941.
2022-23 Santosh Trophy won by Karnatka. Knock outs has been played in Saudi Arabia.

Top goal scorers - Naro Hari
Shrestha and Nijo Joseph
Best player - Robin Yadav
Best goalkeeper - Rajat Paul Lyngdoh
10.(3) The concept of a geostationary orbit was popularised by the science fiction writer Arthur C. Clarke in the 1940s as a way to revolutionise telecommunications, and the first satellite to be placed in this kind of orbit was launched in 1963.
11.(4) Attorney-General for India - R. Venkataramani
Solicitor General of India Tushar Mehta
Chief Justice of India - Justice Chandrachud
Vice President of India - Jagdeep Dhankhar
12.(3) Kangchenjunga is bounded in the west by the Tamur River, in the north by the Lhonak River and Jongsang La, and in the east by the Teesta River.
13.(2) Article 27 - Non-payment of religious taxes
Article 29 - Protection of interest of minorities article
14.(3) David of Basra, was a 3rd- and 4th-century CE Christian metropolitan bishop who undertook missionary work in India around the year 300 .
Mother Teresa received 1962 Ramon Magsaysay Peace Prize and the 1979 Nobel Peace Prize. Her authorised biography, written by Navin Chawla, was published in 1992. On 6 September 2017, Mother Teresa and Saint Francis Xavier were named copatrons of the Roman Catholic Archdiocese of Calcutta.
15.(2)
16.(3) Since 1989, the city of Ahmedabad has hosted the International Kite Festival as part of the official celebration of Uttarayan.
17.(1) MICR (magnetic ink character recognition) is a technology invented in the 1950s that's used to verify the legitimacy or originality of checks and other paper documents.

A process called Optical Character Recognition (OCR) converts printed texts into digital image files.
18.(1) Kolar Gold Fields (K.G.F.) the town has been known for gold mining. The mine closed on 28 February 2001 due to a fall in gold prices, despite gold still being present there. One of India's first power-generation units was built in 1889 to support mining operations.
19.(1) Java was developed by Sun Microsystems.
Pascal is an imperative and procedural programming language, designed by Niklaus Wirth.
BASIC (Beginners' All-purpose Symbolic Instruction Code) is a family of general-purpose, highlevel programming languages designed for ease of use. The original version was created by John G. Kemeny and Thomas E. Kurtz at Dartmouth College in 1963.
20.(2) GI tag In 2022

Tamil Nadu - Poondu Palani Panchamirtham, Dindigul Locks, Srivilliputtur Palkova, Kandangi Saree
Kerala - Tirur Betel Leaf
21.(4) Dr B.R. Ambedkar, who organised the dalits into the Depressed Classes Association in 1930, clashed with Mahatma Gandhi at the second Round Table Conference by demanding separate electorates for dalits.

When the British government conceded Ambedkars demand, Gandhiji began a fast unto death. He believed that separate electorates for dalits would slow down the process of their integration into society. Ambedkar ultimately accepted Gandhijis position and the result was the Poona Pact of September 1932.It gave the Depressed Classes (later to be known as the Schedule Castes) reserved seats in provincial and central legislative councils, but they were to be voted in by the general electorate.
22.(4) When the electricity is allowed to pass through an aqueous solution of sodium chloride which is also known as brine, it decomposes to form sodium hydroxide.
23.(1) Switzerland is the most innovative economy in the world in 2022 - for the 12 th year in a row - followed by the United States, Sweden, the United Kingdom and the Netherlands.
The Global Innovation Index is published by the World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO).
24.(1)
25.(2)

## ANSWER KEY

1. (4) 2. (3) 3. (2) 4. (4) 5. (4)
2. (1) 7. (3) 8. (1) 9. (2) 10. (3)
3. (4) 12.(3) 13. (2) 14. (3) 15. (1)
4. (3) 17.(1) 18. (1) 19.(1) 20. (2)
21.(4) 22.(4) 23. (1) 24.(1) 25. (2)

