## ANSWERS WITH EXPLANATION (Exam Held on 02/12/2022) | 5:15PM

## QUANTITATIVE APTITUDE

1. (1) ATQ,

$$
\begin{aligned}
125 \% & =278000 \\
118 \% & =\frac{278000}{125} \\
& =262432
\end{aligned}
$$

2. (3) A + B can do a piece of work in 50 days
$40 \%=\frac{2}{5}$
Efficiency of A: efficiency of B = 3 : 5
Total work $=50 \times 8=400$
A can do 60\% of the work
$\frac{400 \times 60}{3 \times 100}=30$ days
3. (3) ATQ,

Sum of spent of $D_{1}$ and $D_{4}$
$=12 \%+14 \%=26 \%$
Sum of Spent of $\mathrm{D}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{D}_{8}$
$=11 \%+11 \%=22 \%$
Difference between the spend of $\left(D_{1}, D_{4}\right)$ and $\left(D_{2}\right.$, $\left.D_{8}\right)=4 \%$
Now,
$4 \%$ of 4962000
$=4962000 \times \frac{4}{100}$
$=$ Rs. 198480
4. (2)


From $\triangle \mathrm{ABD}$
Let, $\angle \mathrm{BAD}=\angle \mathrm{BDA}=\theta$
then, $2 \theta+58^{\circ}=180^{\circ}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \theta=90^{\circ}-29^{\circ} \\
& \theta=61^{\circ}
\end{aligned}
$$

From $\triangle$ CDO
Let, $\angle \mathrm{CDO}=\alpha+63+90=$ $180^{\circ}$
then, $\alpha=27^{\circ}$
From $\triangle \mathrm{OBD}$
$\angle \mathrm{DBC}+90^{\circ}+61^{\circ}=180^{\circ}$
$\angle \mathrm{DBC}=29^{\circ}=2 x-4^{\circ}$
$2 x=33^{\circ}$
$\angle \mathrm{ACB}=63^{\circ}=y+15^{\circ}$
$y=48^{\circ}$
$2 x+5 y=33^{\circ}+240^{\circ}=273^{\circ}$
5. (4) Let, HCF of three numbers is H .
Let, three numbers are 2 H , 3H, 5H,
LCM = 90
The LCM of $2 \mathrm{H}, 3 \mathrm{H}, 5 \mathrm{H}$ is
30H
ATQ,
$30 \mathrm{H}=90$
$\mathrm{H}=3$
6. (2) ATQ,

Average number of customers in service $\mathrm{C}=$
$\frac{260+200+270}{3}=\frac{730}{3}$
$=243 \frac{1}{3}$
Average number of customers
in service $\mathrm{A}=$
$\frac{250+175+350}{3}=\frac{775}{3}$
$=258 \frac{1}{3}$
Average number of customers
in servio $B=\frac{220+190+240}{3}$
$=226 \frac{2}{3}$
Average number of customers in
service $D=\frac{245+185+330}{3}$
$=253 \frac{1}{3}$
A is highest
7. (2) Principal $=860$

Time $=4$ years
Rate $=15 \%$
Interest $=60 \%$
Amount $=160 \%$
ATQ,
$100 \%=860$
$160 \%=86 \times 16=₹ 1376$
8. (4) $x+\frac{1}{x}=8$
$\Rightarrow \mathrm{x}^{2}+1=8 \mathrm{x}$
$\Rightarrow \mathrm{x}^{2}-8 \mathrm{x}=-1$
Now,
$\frac{5}{x^{2}-8 x+2}=\frac{5}{-1+2}=5$
9. (1) ATQ,

New average weight
$=\frac{49 \times 39-7 \times 40+7 \times 54}{49}$
$=39+2=41 \mathrm{~kg}$
10. (1) ATQ,

Number of positive cases in
China $=10000 \times \frac{11}{100}=1100$
Number of positive cases in
Spain $=1200 \times \frac{8}{100}=960$
Number of positive cases in
Italy $=10000 \times \frac{12}{100}=1200$
Number of positive cases in the
$\mathrm{USA}=14000 \times \frac{12}{100}=1680$
The USA has maximum
Positive Cases.
Most U.S.A
11. (2) $\tan \mathrm{A}+\cot \mathrm{A}=2$

Putting $A=45^{\circ}$
Now,
$2\left(\tan ^{2} \mathrm{~A}+\cot ^{2} \mathrm{~A}\right)$
12. (1) MP SP
$2750 \quad 2103.75$
$=2750: \frac{210375}{100}$
$=2750: \frac{8415}{4}$
$=550: \frac{1683}{4}=2200: 1683$
$10 \%=\frac{1}{10} \quad$ MP : SP
$\mathrm{I}^{\text {st }}$ Discount $10: 9$
$2^{\text {nd }}$ Discount $x: y$
Final $\rightarrow \frac{10 x}{9 y}=\frac{2200}{1683}$
$\frac{x}{y}=\frac{220}{187}$ )difference 33
$2^{\text {nd }}$ discount $\%=\frac{33}{220} \times 100$
$=\frac{330}{22 \%}=15 \%$
13. (3) When a number is divisible by $2,3,5$.
then, the number will be divisible by the LCM $(2,3,5)$ By hit and trial method in option (3) 2345760 is divisible by $2,3,5$.
14. (3)


Speed of $P=45 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\sqrt{\frac{3 \mathrm{Hr} 20 \mathrm{~min}}{4 \mathrm{Hr} 48 \mathrm{~min}}} \\
& \Rightarrow \frac{\text { Speed of } P}{\text { Speed of } Q}=\sqrt{\frac{3 \frac{1}{3}}{4 \frac{4}{5}}}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\Rightarrow \frac{45}{\text { Speed of Q }}=\sqrt{\frac{510 \times 5}{3 \times 24}}
$$

$$
\Rightarrow \frac{45}{\text { Speed of } \mathrm{Q}}=\frac{5}{6}
$$

$$
\Rightarrow \text { Speed of } Q=54 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}
$$

15. (1) $\frac{1-\cos }{\sin \theta}=\frac{1}{5}$,
then, $\frac{1-\cos \theta}{\sin \theta} \times \frac{1+\cos \theta}{1+\cos \theta}=\frac{1}{5}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \Rightarrow \frac{\sin ^{2} \theta}{\sin \theta(1+\cos \theta)}=\frac{1}{5} \\
& \Rightarrow \frac{1+\cos \theta}{\sin \theta}=5
\end{aligned}
$$

16. (3) $k+\frac{1}{k}=3$
then, $k^{3}+\frac{1}{k^{3}}=3^{3}-3$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =27-3 \\
& =18
\end{aligned}
$$

17. (4)

$r=16 \sqrt{2}$
Area of shaded region
$=\frac{1}{4} \pi(16 \sqrt{2})^{2}-(16)^{2}$
$=\frac{1}{4} \times 3.14 \times 256 \times 2-256$
$=256\left(\frac{3.14-2}{2}\right)$
$=128 \times 1.14=145.92 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
18. (2)


O is incentre of $\triangle \mathrm{PQR}$ $\angle \mathrm{POR}=140$
then,
$\angle \mathrm{POR}=90+\frac{\angle \mathrm{PQR}}{2}$
$\Rightarrow 140-90=\frac{\angle \mathrm{PQR}}{2}$
$\Rightarrow \angle \mathrm{PQR}=100^{\circ}$
(Wrong answer is given by SSC)
19. (4) Area of equilateral triangle $=\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 20 \times 20=100 \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
20. (1) I. $100^{2}-99^{2}+98^{2}-97^{2}+\cdots$ $-+2^{2}-1^{2}$
$=(100-99)(100+99)+(98+$ 97)(98-97)+ (96+95) ---- (21) $(2+1)$
$=199+195+191+-----3$
Number of terms $=\frac{199-3}{4}+1$
$=50$
Sum $=\frac{50}{2}(199+3)=101 \times 50$
$=5050$
II. $8 x+8=-16$
$x+\frac{1}{x}=-2$ then,
We can assume that $x=-1$
So, $x^{197}+x^{197}$
$=(-1)^{197}+(-1)^{-197}$
$=-1-1=-2$ (Not Correct)
21. (2) $\sin A=\frac{4}{5}$,

Triplets - 3,4,5
$\sin \mathrm{A}=\frac{4}{5}$
$\cos \mathrm{A}=\frac{3}{4}$
and,
$\sin \mathrm{B}=\frac{15}{17}$
Triplets 8,15, 17
$\sin B=\frac{15}{17} \quad \cos B=\frac{8}{17}$
Then,
$\sin (\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{B})=\sin \mathrm{A} \cos \mathrm{B}-\cos \mathrm{A}$
$\sin B$
$=\frac{4}{5} \times \frac{8}{17}-\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{15}{17}$
$=\frac{32}{85}-\frac{45}{85}=\frac{-13}{85}$
22. (1)


We know that
$\angle \mathrm{YLZ}=2 \angle \mathrm{YXZ}$
$\angle \mathrm{YXZ}=60^{\circ}$
then $\angle \mathrm{YLM}=120^{\circ}$
$\angle \mathrm{YLM}=\frac{120}{2}=60^{\circ}$
23. (3) The number of books on Mathematics, Physics and Chemistry in a University library is in the ratio 8:5:9. There is a proposal t0 increase these books by $10 \%$, $5 \%$ and $5 \%$ respectively. Then the ratio of the number of books after increment will be
$\Rightarrow \frac{8 \times 110}{100}: \frac{5 \times 105}{100}: \frac{9 \times 105}{100}$
$\Rightarrow 176: 105: 189$
24. (2) Let, the present age of $A$ and B $=2 x, 3 x$
A.T.Q,
$\frac{2 x+5}{3 x+5}=\frac{3}{4}$
$\Rightarrow 8 x+20=9 x+15$
$\Rightarrow x=5$
The present age of $\mathrm{B}=3 x$
$=15$ years
25. (4) The marks scored by $\mathrm{A}=54$
$+65+67=186$
The marks scored by $\mathrm{C}=48$ $+48+67=163$ - Least
Mark scored by DD $=41+$ $87+60=188$
Mark scored by $\mathrm{E}=74+70$

+ 55 = 199
$\therefore \quad$ C scored the least marks in aggregate of all the subject.

1. (1) 2. (3) 3. (3) 4. (2) 5. (4)
2. (2) 7. (2) 8. (4) 9. (1) 10.(1)
11.(2) 12.(1) 13.(3) 14.(3) 15.(1)
16.(3) 17.(4) 18.(2) 19.(4) 20.(1)
21.(2) 22.(1) 23.(3) 24.(2) 25.(4)
3. (2) Archana Kamat - Table Tennis
Himas Das - sprinter
She hold national record in 400 m
Monica Bata - Table Tennis Lovlina Borgohain won a Bronze Medal at the 2020 Olympic Games in women's welter weight event.
4. (4) A.R. Rahman - Zee Cine Awards
Tamil, 2020. Currently he is on the Board of advisors of India's International Movement of united Nations. He is the Brand Ambassador of Sikkim.
Harris Jayaraj has been honoured with Kalaimamani Award
5. (4) Monetary Policy Committee is responsible for fixing the benchmark interest rate in India. It was founded on $27^{\text {th }}$ June, 2016. It was first proposed by the Urjit Patel Committee.
Competition Commission of India is a statutory body within the Ministry of Corporate Affairs and is responsible for enforcing the competition Act, 2002. It was formed on $14^{\text {th }}$ October, 2003. Its chairperson is Sangeeta Verma and P.K. Singh is the secretary.
NaBFID National Bank for Financing Infrastructure and Development came into force April, 2021. It became the fifth AIFI after EXIM, NABARD, NHB and SIDBI.
6. (1) Toluene: $\mathrm{C}_{7} \mathrm{H}_{8}$ is used in making paints fingernail polish, lacquers, adhesives and rubber.
Acetophenone $\mathrm{C}_{8} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{O}$ uaed as fragrance in shops, flavouring agent in foods and as solvent for plastics and resins.
Aniline - $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{NH}_{2}$
7. (3) Speed and Distance are scalar quantity.
Displacement, Velocity and Acceleration are vector quantity.
8. (3) Birju Maharaj was a Kathak dancer from 'Kalka-Bindadin' Gharana.
He was awarded Sangeet Natak Akadami (1964), Sangam Kala (2002), National Film Award for best Choreography for Unnai Kaanadhu and Filmfare Award (2016) for best Choreography for 'Mohe Rang Do Laal (Baji Rao Mastani).
9. (4) $\mathrm{CaSO}_{4}$ (Calcium Sulphate) Plaster of Paris $\mathrm{CaCl}_{2}$ - Calcium Chloride $\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}$ (Calcium hydroxide) - Slaked lime
10. (2) Bombay Road Plan (1961-81)Second
Lucknow Road Plan (1981-2001)- Third
11. (4) SMILE - Support for Marginalised A total budget of $₹ 1000$ crore has been allocated for SMILE till 2025-26.
Union Minister for Social Justice \& Empowerment-Dr. Virendra Kumar.
12. (2) $73^{\text {rd }}$ Amendment - Statutory provisions for Panchayat Raj as third level of administration in villages. $74^{\text {th }}$ Amendment - Statutory provisions for Local Administrative bodies as third level of administration in urban areas.
13. (1) Roshan Kumari belongs to the Jaipur Gharana and the founder of Nritya Kala Kendra, Mumbai an academy promoting Kathak.
14. (3) Sair-E-Gul Faroshan festival known as "Phool Walon ki Sair" is an annual festival celebrated by flower sellers of Delhi in region of Mehrauli. It was founded in 1812.
15. (4)
16. (2) Most Populous State - Uttar Pradesh, Maharashtra, Bihar, West Bengal, Andhra Pradesh, Madhya Pradesh, Tamil Nadu.
Least Populous State Sikkim, Mizoram, Arunachal Pradesh, Goa, Nagaland, Manipur, Meghalaya.
17. (1) Dadabhai Naroji also known as "Grand Old Man of India" and unofficially Ambassador of India. He served as $2^{\text {nd }}$ (Calcutta), $9^{\text {th }}$ (Lahore) and 22nd (Calcutta). President of INC 1886, 1893 and 1906 respectively. His book 'Poverty and Un-British Rule in India' brought attention to his theory of the Indian 'Wealth drain' into Britain.
18. (4) Chola dynasty of Tamil Chola rulers was in South India between $9^{\text {th }}$ century and the $13^{\text {th }}$ century.
19. (1) Water exists in three states. Water is considered renewable Water is abiotic, not biological. It is a natural resource.
20. (4) The Chinese Buddhist pilgrim, Xuan Zang came in the court of Harshavardhan. He travelled Indian sub continent during 629-645.
21. (3)
22. (3) Writ is a form of written command in the name of a Court or other legal authority to act.
Bill - A bill becomes an Act after it is passed in both the houses and gets ascent from the President.
23. (2) Electronic commerce is the activity of buying or selling products online or over the internet. The term was coined by Dr. Robert Jacobson.
24. (4) Tarun - Adviser to PM Kapoor Narendra Modi Rajiv - Director general Bahl of ICMR Pralay - CEO of CSB Mondol Bank
25. (4) Rajaraja I-985 CE to 1013 CE Rajendra II - 1052 CE to 1064 CE
Rajadhiraja - 1044 CE to 1052 CE
Rajendra I - 1014 CE to 1044 CE.
26. (3) Smile (2021) - Scheme for Comprehensive Rehabilitation of Beggars.
Beti Bachao Beti Padhao (2015) - Dr. Rajendra Phadke is the National convenor of BBBP Abhiyan. It also supported by Indian Medical Association.
UDAN (2016) - Ude Desh ka Aam Nagrik.
27. (3) Sundarban mangrove is the area in the delta formed by the confluence of the Padma, Brahmaputra and Meghna rivers.]
$\begin{array}{llllll}\text { 1. (2) } & 2 . & (4) & 3 . & (4) & 4 . \\ \text { 6. (1) } & \text { 5. (3) } \\ \text { (3) } & \text { 7. } & (4) & 8 . & (2) & 9 . \\ \text { 11.(1) } & 12 .(3) & 13 .(4) & 14 .(2) & 15 .(1) \\ 16 .(4) & 17 .(1) & 18 .(4) & 19 .(3) & 20 .(3) \\ 21 .(2) & 22 .(4) & 23 .(4) & 24 .(3) & 25 .(3)\end{array}$

## GENERAL INTELLIGENGE \& REASONNG

1. (4) The logic is

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{SQO} \rightarrow \mathrm{~S}-2 \mathrm{Q}-2 \mathrm{O} \\
& \mathrm{YWU} \rightarrow \mathrm{Y}-2 \\
& \mathrm{~W}-2 \\
& \mathrm{MKI} \rightarrow \mathrm{M}-2 \\
& \mathrm{~K}-2 \\
& \mathrm{GED} \rightarrow \mathrm{I}-2 \mathrm{E}-1 \\
& \mathrm{D}-\mathrm{odd}
\end{aligned}
$$

2. (3)
3. (4) The pattern is

Number of alphabets

4. (3)
5. (2) The logic is

6. (2)
$405-400-395 \rightarrow 400+5=405,400-5=395$
$700-690-685 \longrightarrow 690+5=695,690-5=685-$ odd
$550-545-540 \rightarrow 545+5=550,545-5=540$
$620-615-610 \rightarrow 615+5=620,615-5=610$
7. (4) The logic is

8. (1)
9. (4) The order of words in a dictionary is
3. kingdom

1. kinglet
2. kingly
3. kingship
4. kinsfolk
order - 3,1,5,2,4
5. (4) Given

687 : 612 :: 713 : ? :: 621 : 546
The pattern is
$687-75=612$
$713-75=638$
$621-75=546$
11. (3)


Similarly,

12. (4) By hit and trial method
$7 \times 2+27 \div 9-4=18$
Interchanging - and $\times$
$7-2+27 \div 9 \times 4=18$
$5+3 \times 4=18$
$17 \neq 18$
13. (4)
14. (2) Hens live in coop.

Similarly, Bees live in a hive.
15. (4)
16. (2) By hit and trial method

17. (1) Given
$(3,2,35)$
$(1,4,65)$
The pattern is
$3^{3}+2^{3}=35$
$1^{3}+4^{3}=65$
Similarly, $7^{3}+2^{3}=351$
18. (4) The possible venn diagram is

Both conclusion I and II follows
19. (2)
20. (4) By hit and trial method
$25 * 5 * 10 * 2 * 13$
putting $\div,+,-$,
$25 \div 5+10-2=13$
$5+8=13 \Rightarrow 13=13$
21. (3) The possible venn diagram is


Only conclusion II and III follows
22. (4) K \# L \& M @ N \# P

$\therefore \mathrm{P}$ is K 's son's son's son.
23. (1) By hit and trial method
$20 \times 8-4 \div 2+7=50$
interchanging - and $\div$
$20 \times 8 \div 4-2+7=50$
$40+5=50$
$45 \neq 50$ (incorrect equation)
24. (3) The pattern is
$\frac{18+27}{5}=\frac{45}{5}=9$
$\frac{40+140}{5}=\frac{180}{5}=36$
$\frac{40+?}{5}=13,40+?=65$
? = 25
25. (4) The pattern is


1. (4) 2. (3) 3. (4) 4. (3) 5. (2)
2. (2) 7. (4) 8. (1) 9. (4) 10.(4)
$11 .(3)$ 12.(4) $13 .(4) \quad 14 .(2) \quad 15 .(4)$
16.(2) 17.(1) 18.(4) 19.(2) 20.(4)
21.(3) 22.(4) 23.(1) 24.(3) 25.(4)

## ENGLSH LANGUAGE AND COMPREHENSION

3. (4) "Angry" takes preposition "with" (if it's concerned with a person). And it takes preposition "at" it associated with a situation.
Ex:- I was angry at the mismanagement.
4. (4) "consummate" is incorrectly spelt.
Meaning- extremely skilled, perfect example of something. (अतिदक्षा, किसे का य में पू पर खसे कु श लहा) ना
5. (1) " confided in" should replace " confided to".
(i) To Confide in - to have faith in. Ex:- she is their mother, so they confided in her.
(ii) To confide to- to share secret or delicate information with someone.
Ex:-Alibaba confided this priceless treasure to her before he died.
6. (4) Meanings of Idioms
(i) A wild goose chase - pursuit of something unattainable.
(ii) A snake in the grass - a secretly unfaithful friend.
(iii) Abone of contention-something that two people or groups can't agree about and fight.
(iv) A bolt from the blue- a sudden and unexpected event or piece of news.
7. (1) 2. (1) 3. (4) 4. (1) 5. (3)
8. (2) 7. (1) 8. (2) 9. (3) 10.(2)
11.(3) 12.(4) 13.(3) $14 .(4) \quad 15 .(2)$
16.(2) 17.(1) 18.(4) 19.(1) 20.(1)
21.(4) 22.(3) 23.(1) 24.(4) 25.(2)

## Words

Affinity

Complicated
Deliberation

Dubious
Inevitable

Liberate
Precise

Remorse

Rhetoric

Spontaneous
Nefarious

## Meaning in English

A natural attractions or feeling of kinship to a person or thing.
consisting of parts intricately combined.
discussion or thinking about something in detail
not sure or certain, suspicious
that can't be avoided or prevented from happening.
Syn. inescapable, certain
to set free Syn. meticulous, proper
Ant. rough, inaccurate, corrupt.
a feeling of regret it sadness for doing or sinning. Syn. repentance- sorrow, pity .
a way of speaking or writing that is intended to impress or influence people but is not always sincere.
done or happening suddenly, not planned. criminal, wicked.

मु वतय आ जा द करना

## Meaning in Hindi

र्क जलगा व व पसं द कि $\ddagger$ T वना

जट ल
विस् तृ त विचा र- विमश्र

अनिश्चित, सं दे हा सपद
जिस हा टि तहा' ने से रा` का न जा सऐ exactly or sharply defined or stated, clear and accurate.सफट, विधि ध्व क, स्१ क
.

पश्वा ता प, आ $\overline{\text { г }}$ म ला नि

वा क प्ट, ता , प्र ब दा ड बर,

आ कर् मक, अचा नक से
प पे, दु ठट


