## ANSWERS WITH EXPLANATION (Exam Held on 05/12/2022) | 11:45am

## QUANTIIATIVE APTITUDE

1. (1)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \cos ^{2} 35^{\circ}+\cos 55^{\circ} \sin 35^{\circ}+\frac{\tan 34^{\circ}}{\cot ^{2} 56^{\circ}} \\
& =\cos ^{2} 35^{\circ}+\cos \left(90^{\circ}-35^{\circ}\right) \sin 35^{\circ}+ \\
& \quad \frac{\tan \left(90^{\circ}-56^{\circ}\right)}{\cot ^{\circ} 56^{\circ}} \\
& =\cos ^{2} 35^{\circ}+\sin ^{2} 35^{\circ}+1 \\
& =1+1=2
\end{aligned}
$$

2. (3) ATQ,

Total surface area of cube
$=6 \mathrm{a}^{2}=1536$
$\Rightarrow a^{2}=256$
$\Rightarrow \mathrm{a}=16$
Volume of cube $=a^{3}$
$=16 \times 16 \times 16=4096 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$
3. (2) ATQ,
$3-1=\frac{1 \times 26 \times R}{100}$
$\Rightarrow \mathrm{R}=\frac{200}{26} \%$
Now,
$4=\frac{1 \times 200 \times T}{100 \times 26}$
$\Rightarrow \mathrm{T}=52$ years
In 52 years the sum will become 5 time of itself.
4. (3) $3 6 3 \longdiv { \mathrm { N } } ( x$

Remainder $=17$
$\mathrm{N}=363 x+17$
$\frac{\mathrm{N}}{11} \Rightarrow \frac{363 x+17}{11}$
$\Rightarrow \frac{0 \times x+6}{11} \Rightarrow \frac{6}{11} \Rightarrow 6$ Remain-
5. (1) ATQ,
$\mathrm{a}-\mathrm{b}=2$
squaring both side
$a^{2}+b^{2}-2 a b=4$
and,
$a^{3}-b^{3}=80$
$\Rightarrow(a-b)\left(a^{2}+b^{2}+a b\right)=80$
$\Rightarrow \mathrm{a}^{2}+\mathrm{b}^{2}+\mathrm{ab}=40$
From (I) and (II)
$3 \mathrm{ab}=36$

$$
\Rightarrow \mathrm{ab}=\frac{36}{3}=12
$$

6. (4) ATQ,
$\frac{1}{x^{2}+\mathrm{a}^{2}}=x^{2}-\mathrm{a}^{2}$
$\Rightarrow x^{4}-\mathrm{a}^{4}=1$
$\Rightarrow x^{4}=1+\mathrm{a}^{4}$
$\Rightarrow x=\left(a^{4}+1\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}$
7. (1) Average of the high rates of the shares in all the four stock exchanges for kolgate
is $=\frac{34+60+25+20}{4}=\frac{139}{4}$

$$
=34.75
$$

8. (3) Let the speed of stream $y$ $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{hr}$ ]
ATQ,
$(x+y) 1=(x-y) \times 3$
$\Rightarrow x+y=3 x-3 y$
$\Rightarrow 2 x=4 y$
$\Rightarrow x: y=2: 1$
ATQ,
2 unit $\equiv 5 \frac{1}{3}$
7 unit $\equiv \frac{16}{3 \times 2}$
$=\frac{8}{3} \times \frac{5}{18}=\frac{20}{27} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
9. (4) Remainder $=3$

LCM of $7,11,9=693$
$\therefore$ The Largest 5 digit number $=99999$
$6 9 3 \longdiv { 9 9 9 9 9 ( 1 4 4 }$ $\frac{693}{3069}$
$\frac{2772}{2979}$ $\stackrel{2772}{207} \rightarrow$ Remainder

The largest five-digit number which when divided by 7, 9, 11 leaves the same remainder as 3 is.
$=99999-207+3=99795$
10. (4) Required ratio $=\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}=$ $\sqrt[4]{3}: \sqrt[4]{2}$
11. (3) ATQ,

Total sale of $\mathrm{P}, \mathrm{R}, \mathrm{S}$

$$
=26^{\circ}+12^{\circ}+70^{\circ}=108^{\circ}
$$

Total sale of $\mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{T}, \mathrm{U}=150^{\circ}+37^{\circ}+15^{\circ}$
$=202^{\circ}$
Required percentage
$=\frac{94}{202} \times 100=46.53 \%$
12. (3) $\sqrt{\frac{1+\cos \theta}{1-\cos \theta}}+\sqrt{\frac{1-\cos \theta}{1+\cos \theta}}$
$=\frac{1+\cos \theta+1-\cos \theta}{\sqrt{1-\cos ^{2} \theta}}$
$=\frac{2}{\sqrt{\sin ^{2} \theta}}=2 \operatorname{cosec} \theta$
13. (2) ATQ,

Total marks of A
$=180+240+360+300+60$
$+330=1470$
Total marks of B
$=90+420+390+210+270$ $+120=1500$
Required difference $=1500$ $1470=30$
14. (4)

$\triangle \mathrm{ABC} \cong \triangle \mathrm{DEF}$
$\angle \mathrm{B}=\angle \mathrm{E}$
$\angle \mathrm{A}=\angle \mathrm{D}$
and, $\angle \mathrm{C}=\angle \mathrm{F}$
$\therefore \quad \alpha+\theta=\left(180^{\circ}-30^{\circ}\right)=150^{\circ}$
$\therefore \quad \angle \mathrm{D}+\angle \mathrm{C}=150^{\circ}$
15. (3) ATQ,

The number of students who obtained $60 \%$ and above in all subject $=\mathrm{D}$ and $\mathrm{F}=2$ students
16. (3) ATQ,

$\alpha+35^{\circ}+90^{\circ}=180$
$\alpha=$ So, other angles are $55^{\circ}$, $90^{\circ}$
17. (2) ATQ,
$11 \%=\frac{11}{100}$
Less weight $22 \%=\frac{11}{50}$

| CP | $: \mathrm{SP}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 100 | $: 89$ |
| 39 | $: 50$ |
| 78 | $: 89$ |

Required Profit $\%=\frac{11}{78} \times 100$ = $14.1 \%$
18. (4) ATQ, Ratio of two Investment $2: 3$

$=$ Required loss percentage
$\frac{40}{500} \times 100 \%=8 \%$
19. (3) Case (I) $100^{2}-99^{2}+98^{2}-$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =1(100+99)+(98+97) \times 1+ \\
& (96+95)+\ldots \ldots(22+21) \times 1
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
=199+195+191+\ldots \ldots \ldots . .43
$$

$\therefore \quad$ Number of terms $=\frac{199-43}{4}+1$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\frac{156}{4}+1=40 \\
& \text { Sum }=\frac{40}{2} \times(199+43) \\
& =20 \times 242=4840 \text { satisfy }
\end{aligned}
$$

(ii)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \left(\mathrm{k}^{2}+\frac{1}{\mathrm{k}^{2}}\right)\left(\mathrm{k}-\frac{1}{\mathrm{k}}\right)\left(\mathrm{k}^{4}+\frac{1}{\mathrm{k}^{4}}\right) \\
& \left(\mathrm{k}+\frac{1}{\mathrm{k}}\right) \\
& \left(\mathrm{k}^{4}-\frac{1}{\mathrm{k}^{4}}\right) \\
= & \left(\mathrm{k}^{2}-\frac{1}{\mathrm{k}^{2}}\right)\left(\mathrm{k}^{2}+\frac{1}{\mathrm{k}^{2}}\right)\left(\mathrm{k}^{8}-\frac{1}{\mathrm{k}^{8}}\right) \\
\neq & \mathrm{k}^{16}-\frac{1}{\mathrm{k}^{16}}
\end{aligned}
$$

$\therefore$ Only option I is right.
20. (2) ATQ,

Let the number of extra days is $x$
$(60 \times 20)+(80 \times 60)=60$
$(80+x)$
$\Rightarrow 1200+4800=4800+60 x$
$\Rightarrow x=20$ days
21. (3) ATQ,


Length of Side of cube $=4.2 \mathrm{~cm}$ Radius of sphere $=\frac{4.2}{2}=2.1 \mathrm{~cm}$

Volume of sphere
$=\frac{4}{3} \times \frac{22}{7} \times 2.1 \times 2.1 \times 2.1$
$=88 \times 0.441=38.808 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
22. (2) Let,

23. (4) $\cos x \operatorname{cosec} x-\sin x \sec x$

$$
\begin{aligned}
=\frac{\cos x}{\sin x}-\frac{\sin x}{\cos x} & =\frac{\cos ^{2} x-\sin ^{2} x}{\sin x \cdot \cos x} \\
=\frac{2 \cos 2 x}{2 \sin x \cos x} & =\frac{2 \cos 2 x}{\sin 2 x} \\
& =2 \cot 2 x
\end{aligned}
$$

24. (2) ATQ,

Given $A \propto B^{\frac{1}{2}}, A \propto C^{\frac{1}{3}}$
$A \propto \frac{(B)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{(C)^{\frac{1}{3}}}$
$(C)^{\frac{1}{3}}$
$A_{1}=15, B_{1}=27, C_{1}=2, A_{2}=9$,
$\mathrm{C}_{2}=2, \mathrm{~B}_{2}=$ ?
$\frac{\mathrm{A}_{1}\left(\mathrm{C}_{1}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\left(\mathrm{~B}_{1}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}}=\frac{\mathrm{A}_{2}\left(\mathrm{C}_{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\left(\mathrm{~B}_{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}}$

$$
\frac{15 \times(2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{(27)^{\frac{1}{2}}}=\frac{39 \times(2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\left(\mathrm{~B}_{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}}
$$

$\frac{5}{\frac{1}{2}}=\frac{3}{\frac{1}{2}}$
$(27)^{\frac{1}{2}}=\left(\mathrm{B}_{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$
squaring both side
$\frac{25}{27}=\frac{9}{B} \Rightarrow \mathrm{~B}=\frac{243}{25}$
25. (4) Weight of a new man $=$ $150-3 \times 5=135 \mathrm{~kg}$

1. (1) 2. (3) 3. (2) 4. (3) 5. (1)
2. (4) 7. (1) 8. (3) 9. (4) 10.(4)
11.(3) 12.(3) 13.(2) 14.(4) 15.(3)
16.(3) 17.(2) 18.(4) 19.(3) 20.(2)
21.(3) 22.(2) 23.(4) 24.(2) 25.(4)

## GENERAL AWARENESS

1. (2) Polypeptides are short chains of amino acids linked by peptide bonds.
A polymer is any class of natural or synthetic substances composed of very large molecules, called macro-molecules, which are multiples of simpler chemical units called monomers.
2. (1)
3. (3) Article (19-22) - Right to freedom
Article (14-18) - Right to equality
Article (23-24) - Right against exploitation
Article (29-30) - Cultural and Educational Rights.
4. (4) Direct taxes - Income tax, Real property tax, Personal property tax, taxes on assets. Indirect taxes - Sales tax, Value added tax (VAT), GST, Excise duty, Custom duty.
5. (3) Stand-up India Scheme was launched in 2016, to Finance SCs/STs and /or Women Entrepreneurs. It aims to facilitate bank loans between 10 lakhs and 1 Crore.
Ujjwala Scheme was launched on the $1^{\text {st }}$ May, 2016 to distribute 50 million LPG connections to women below Poverty Line families.
Kisan Urja Suraksha evam Utthan Mahabhiyan Yojana was launched in 2019 to increase the income of farmers and provide sources for irrigation and DE dieselising the agricultural sector.
6. (1) Tropical Evergreen Forest Wern Babbler, Ebony, Blue and Gold Macaw, Harpy Eagle, Rhinoceros Hornbill. Temperate Evergreen Forest - Moose, Reindeers, Elk, Caribou, Racoons, Owls.
7. (1) Dalhousie, dedicated India's first train on $16^{\text {th }}$ April, 1853 that ran between Bombay to Thane. The train travelled 34 kilometers
8. (2) Mohiniyattam Daners Sunanda Mairs, Jayaprabha Menon, Pallvai Krishanan, Gopika Verma, Radha Dutta, Rema Srikant.
9. (1) Power - Watt (kg. $\mathrm{m}^{2} \mathrm{~s}^{-3}$ ) Force - Newton (kg. $\mathrm{ms}^{-2}$ ) Energy - Joule (Kg. $\mathrm{m}^{2} \mathrm{~s}^{-2}$ )
10. (3)
11. (1) Article 119-Regulation by law of procedure in Parliament in relation to financial business.
Article 121 - Restriction on discussion (with respect to conduct of any Judge of

Supreme Court and High Court) in Parliament.
Article 122 - Courts not to inquire into proceedings of Parliament.
12.(4) Battle of Kanawa ( $\mathbf{1 6}$ March 1527) - Babur and Rana Sanga
Second battle of Panipat (5 Now, 1556) - Akbar and Hemu
Battle of Chausa ( 26 June, 1539) - Humayun and Shersha Suri
Third Battle of Panipat (14
Jan. 1761) - Ahmed Shah Abdali and Maratha Empire.
13. (4)
14. (3) Elite Boxer - 19 to 40 Junior Boxer - 15 to 16
15. (3) Nor wester is a local rainfall or thunder storm, experienced in April-May in North East part of India. Westerlies are Permanent winds that blow in the middle latitudes. They originate from high pressure areas and tends towards the poles and steer cyclones.
16. (4) Jharkhand - Sorhul, Hal Punhya, Bandna, Pottadakal, Karam Munda
Rajasthan - Puskar, Desert, Teej, Mewar, Gangar, Baneshwar, Kalayat, Urs
Gujarat - Rann Utsav, Uttarayan Shamlaji Bhavnath Madhya Pradesh - Mandu, Khajuraho, Namaste Orchha, Tansen.
17. (1) Mesolithic Period (9000 BCE to 4000 BCE) - Bagar (Rajasthan), Langhraj (Gujarat) and Adamgarh (M.P.)
Palaeolithic (500000 BC to 10000 BC) - Sohan Valley, Narmada valley, Kurnoel Caves, Belan valley, Mayur bhanja, Bhimbetaka Renugunta, Singhbhum. Chalcolithic - Diamabad, Inamgaon, Kayatha, Nagda, Vidisha, Eran, Navdatoli.
18. (2) Georg I - 1714-1727

Elizabeth I - 1558-1603
Queen Victoria-1837-1901
Jame I - 1603-1625
19. (4) Rahul Dravid - The Nice Guy whofinished first

Ravi Shashtri - The Players in My Life.
Milkha Singh - The Race of My Life.
20. (1) Green Revolution (Third Agricultural Revolution) after the Neolithic and British Agricultural Revolution started in the late 1906 s (1966-67).
Norman Borlaug (father of Green Revolution) received Nobel Peace Prize in 1970. M.S. Swaminathan was the father of Green Revolution in India.
21. (2) A player wins a set when they have won six games and are at least two games clear of their opponent. If a set is 6-6, it is usually decided by a tie break.
22. (4) Lipase - Breaks down fats in food
Amylase - Helps digest carbohydrates.
Collagen - make connective tissue.
23. (3)

State $\begin{gathered}\text { Chief } \\ \text { Minister }\end{gathered}$ Governor
Nagaland Neiphiu Rio Jagdish Mukhi Lok Sabha seats - 1
Rajya Sabha seats - 1
24. (2) Balban - 1266-87

Anangpal - 1051-1081
Jala-ud- - 1290-96
din Khilji
Qutub-Din - 1206-1210
-Aibak
Prithvi Raj - 1177-1192
Chauhan
25. (4)

1. (2) 2. (1) 3. (3) 4. (4) 5. (3)
2. (1) 7. (1) 8. (2) 9. (1) 10.(3)
11.(1) 12.(4) 13.(4) 14.(3) 15.(3)
16.(4) 17.(1) 18.(2) 19.(4) 20.(1)
21.(2) 22.(4) 23.(3) 24.(2) 25.(4)

## GENERAL INTELLIGENGE \& REASONING

1. (3) The order of words in a dictionary is.
2. Accursed
3. Accusable
4. Accuser
5. Acerbity
6. Acetify
order- $3,1,5,2,4$
7. (1) $\mathrm{A} \& \mathrm{~B} \# \mathrm{C} \& \mathrm{D}$ @ $\mathrm{E} \% \mathrm{~F}+\mathrm{G}$,

8. (1) The right answer is 1.
9. (3) The right answer is 3.
10. (3)

11. (3)

12. (2) The right answer is 2 .
13. (4) $5^{2}=25,5^{2}+5=30$ $16^{2}=256,16^{2}+16=272$
Similarly,

$$
13^{2}=169, \quad 13^{2}+13=182
$$

9. (1) By hit and trial method $4 \div 7+6 \div 2 \times 3=12$
interchanging 7 and 4
$7-4+6 \div 2 \times 3=12$
$3+9=12$
$12=12$
10. (1

$$
\text { (1) } 12-50 \rightarrow 12 \times 4+4=52-
$$

- odd
$8-36 \rightarrow 8 \times 4+4=36$
$10-44 \rightarrow 10 \times 4+4=44$
$18-76 \rightarrow 18 \times 4+4=76$

11. (2)
$729: 90 \rightarrow 9 \times 10$ (cube of small digit) $-9^{3}=729$
343 : $56 \rightarrow 7 \times 8$ (cube of small digit) $-7^{3}=343$
$512: 72 \rightarrow 8 \times 9$ (cube of small digit) $-5^{3}=512$
12. (1)

STAR reverse RATS opposite IZGH place value 92678 FLAG reverse GALF opposite TZOU place value 20261521 LOGOreverse OGOL opposite LTLO place value 12201215
13. (4) By hit and trial method
$72+(7 \times 8)-(126 \div 14)-(4)^{2}=150$
interchanging 14 and 7
$72+(14 \times 8)-(126 \div 7)-4^{2}=150$
$72+112-18-16=150$
$184-34=150$
$150=150$
14. (4) $17+17^{2}+4607=17^{3}$
$23+23^{2}+11615=23^{3}$
$11+11^{2}+1199=11^{3}$
15. (3)

16. (3) The possible venn diagram is

17. (1) $\mathrm{ZWSQ} \rightarrow \mathrm{Z}-3-\mathrm{W}_{\underline{-4}} \mathrm{~S}_{-2} \mathrm{Q}$-odd TRNL $\rightarrow$ T $-2 \underline{R}-4 \mathrm{~N}=2 \mathrm{~L}$ PNJH $\rightarrow$ P -2 N-4 $-2 \underline{H}$ $\mathrm{JHDB} \rightarrow \mathrm{J}-2 \mathrm{H}-4 \mathrm{D}-2 \mathrm{~B}$
18. (3)

19. (1)


## Words

Hit below
Impede

## Meaning in English

unfair remark or blow the belt to make it difficult for somebody/something to move or go forward. Syn. hinder, resist. Ant. assist, help.
Mercy
20. (3) The possible venn diagram is

21. (2) By hit and trial method $P \div Q+R$


P is mother of R .
22. (3) The right answer is 3.
23. (1) Race is done on a track. Similarly, Athletics is performed in a stadium.
24. (4) The right answer is 4.
25. (2) $4 \times 3-1+8 \div 2=9$ interchanging $\div$ and $\times 1$ and 3
$4 \div 1-3+8 \times 2=9$
$4-3+16=9$
$1+16=9$
$17=9$ (incorrect equation)

1. (3) 2. (1) 3. (1) 4. (3) 5. (3)
2. (3) 7. (2) 8. (4) 9. (1) 10.(1)
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ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND GOMPREHENSION
2. (2) Replace "are" with "were" as the sentence is in past.
4. (3) replace "will never have" with "would never have". (For past conditional sentences)
5. (2) "Harassment" is incorrectly spelt.
Meaning- persistent attacks and criticism causing worry and distress. (उ ₹ पी ड. न)
10. (2) "policeman" is incorrectly Spelt. Wrongly spelt.
Meaning- a male member of a police force. (सिम ही )
14. (3) "she" takes singular verb "was". And "caught" is a appropriate term for the context (for illegitimate behaviour).
20. (1) replace "on" with "of".
"forget all of it " is correct expression.

1. (4) 2. (2) 3. (1) 4. (3) 5. (2)
2. (1) 7. (3) 8 (4) 9. (4) 10.(2)
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## Meaning in Hindi

ज' कृतं यजा यनना हा'
बा ध य अड. चन ड T लना
kindness shown by somebody who has the power to punish somebody. Syn. clemency, forgiveness, compassion.




